

SPC-Flakes - Clinical Studies

Diarrhea:

- Specially Processed Cereals: A clinical innovation for children suffering from inflammatory bowel disease? Scand J of Gastroenterol, Finkel et al. (2004)
- Food-induced antisecretory factor activity is correlated with small bowel length in patients with intestinal resection, APMIS, Lange et al. (2003)
- Food induced stimulation of the antisecretory factor can improve symptoms in human inflammatory bowel disease: A study of a concept, Gut, Björck et al. (2000)
- Födoinducerad ökning av antisekretorisk faktor förbättrade det kliniska tillståndet hos sex patienter med svår Crohns sjukdom, Posterpresentation vid Riksstämman, Shafazand et al. (2003)
- Effects of anti-secretory factor (ASF) on irritable bowel syndrome (IBS), Scandinavian Journal of Primary Health Care, Ekesbo et al. (2008)
- Antisecretory factor counteracts secretory diarrhea of endocrine origin, Clinical Nutrition, Laurenus et al. (2003)
- IBD and diarrhea - Karolinska University, Lillejbo (case study)

Ménière:

- Increased antisecretory factor reduces vertigo in patients with Ménière's disease: a pilot study, Hearing Research, Hanner et al. (2004)
- Antisecretory factor-inducing therapy improves the clinical outcome in patients with Ménière's disease, Acta Oto-Laryngologica, Hanner et al. (2010)
- Antisecretory Factor – Inducing Therapy Improves Patient-Reported Functional Levels in Meniere's Disease, Annals of Otology, Rhinology & laryngology, Leong et al. (2013)
- Food induced stimulation of the antisecretory factor to improve symptoms in Ménière's disease, Eur Arch Otorhinolaryngol, Scarpa et al. (2020).
- SPC-Flakes in the prophylaxis of Ménière's disease, Proceedings of the 7th International Symposium on Ménière's Disease and Inner Ear Disorders, Teggi et al. (2013)
- The role of endogenous Antisecretory Factor in the treatment of Ménière's Disease A two-year follow-up study, Am J Otolaryngol, Viola et al (2020)