

Section 1: Identification		
Common Name/Trade Name	APOMORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE	
Supplier Information	Letco Medical, LLC 1316 Commerce Drive NW Decatur, AL 35601 1 (800) 239-5288 +1 (734) 843-4693	IN CASE OF EMERGENCY: Chemtrec 1 (800) 424-9300 (24 hours) NSW Poisons Information Centre: 131 126 (24 hours)
Distributor Name	Bella Corp Trading Pty Ltd 6/34 Dominions Road, Ashmore QLD 4214, A Telephone: 07 5597 4169 Email: <u>bellacorp@bellacorp.com.au</u>	ustralia
Product Synonym(s)		a, 7-tetrahydro-6-methyl-hydrochloride, hydrate (2:1), (6aR)-; (6aR)-6- quinoline-10,11-diol monohydrochloride hemihydrate; apomorphine
Relevant Use(s) of Product	Manufacture or Compounding of Substances	

	Secti	on 2: Hazards Identification
Classification of Substance or Mixture		ory 4), Acute Dermal toxicity (Category 4), Acute Inhalation toxicity (Category 4), Respiratory , Skin sensitization (Category 1), Combustible Dusts
Signal Word	Danger	
Hazard Statement(s)	H302 H312 H317 H332 H334	Harmful if swallowed Harmful in contact with skin May cause an allergic skin reaction Harmful if inhaled May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled
Pictogram(s)		
Precautionary Statement(s)	P210 P233 P261 P264 P270 P271 P272 P280 P284 P301+P312+P330 P302+P352 P304+P340 P312 P312 P312 P312 P333+P313 P342+P311 P363 P501	 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces – No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wear respiratory protection. IF SWALLOWED Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN Wash with soap and water. IF INHALED Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. If skin irritation or a rash occurs Get medical advice/attention. If experiencing respiratory symptoms Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.
Hazards Not Otherwise Classified	May form combustible due	st concentrations in air.
Ingredient(s) with Unknown Toxicity	No data Available	

	Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients
Chemical Name	Apomorphine hydrochloride hemihydrate
Common Name	Apomorphine HCI
CAS Number	41372-20-7
Impurities and/or Stabilizing Additives	No data available

Section 4: First Aid Measures	
General Advice	No data available.
lf Inhaled	Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt, or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure.
In Case of Skin Contact	Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
In Case of Eye Contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
If Swallowed	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most Important Symptoms and Effects	Potential acute health effects: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes. Harmful if inhaled. Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Harmful in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful if swallowed. Over-exposure signs/symptoms: Eye contact: irritation, redness. Inhalation: respiratory tract irritation, coughing, wheezing and breathing difficulties, asthma. Skin contact: irritation, redness. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are sill present, the rescuer should wear and appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures	
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Use dry chemical powder. Unsuitable extinguishing media: Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.
Special Hazards Arising From the Substance/Mixture	May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed. Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, halogenated compounds.
Special PPE and/or Precautions for Firefighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Firefighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures	
Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures	For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. For Emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials.
Methods and Materials Used for Containment	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Cleanup Procedures	Small spill: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion -proof equipment. Avoid dust generation. Use a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Large spill: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 7: Handling and Storage		
Precautions for Safe Handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.	
Conditions for Safe Storage	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.	

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection	
Components with Workplace Control Parameters	Occupational Exposure Limits: None. Manufacturer Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) 4 ug/m3 TWA (8 hours)
Appropriate Engineering Controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
PPE - Eye/Face Protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases, or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles.
PPE - Skin Protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
PPE - Body Protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
PPE - Respiratory Protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties	
Appearance	Solid. [Crystalline powder.] Grayish-white.
Upper/Lower Flammability or Explosive Limits	Not available
Odor	Odorless
Vapor Pressure	Not available
Odor Threshold	Not available
Vapor Density	N/A
рН	4 to 5 [Conc. (% w/w): 1%]
Relative Density	Not available
Melting Point/Freezing Point	195°C (383°F)
Solubility	Solubility in water: 20 g/l.
Initial Boiling Point and Boiling Range	Not available
Flash Point	Not available
Evaporation Rate	Not available
Flammability (Solid, Gas)	Not available
Partition Coefficient	Not available
Auto-Ignition Temperature	Not available
Decomposition Temperature	225°C (437°F)
Viscosity	Not available

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity	
Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical Stability	The product is stable.
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to Avoid	Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.
Incompatible Materials	oxidizing materials
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

	Section 11: Toxicological Information
Acute Toxicity - LD50 Oral	LD50 Oral - Rat <2000 mg/kg. Harmful if swallowed.
Acute Toxicity - Inhalation	Harmful by inhalation. Acute toxicity estimates (numerical measures of toxicity): ATE value: 1.5 mg/l
Acute Toxicity - Dermal	Harmful in contact with skin. Acute toxicity estimates (numerical measures of toxicity): ATE value: 1100 mg/kg
Acute Toxicity - Eye	Not classified.
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	May cause allergic skin reaction
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	May cause eye redness/irritation
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	Not classified.
Carcinogenicity IARC	Not classified.
Carcinogenicity ACGIH	Not classified.
Carcinogenicity NTP	Not classified
Carcinogenicity OSHA	Not classified
Reproductive Toxicity	Not classified
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure	Not available.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure	Not available.
Aspiration Hazard	Not available

Section 12: Ecological Information	
Toxicity	Not classified.
Persistence and Degradability	Not classified.
Bio-accumulative Potential	Not available.
Mobility in Soil	Not available.
Other Adverse Effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations	
Waste Treatment Methods Product	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by- products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
Waste Treatment Methods Packaging	See Waste Product.
Special Precautions Landfill or Incinerations	No data available
Other Information	No data available

Section 14: Transport Information	
UN Number	Not dangerous goods.
UN Proper Shipping Name	N/A
Transport Hazard Class(es)	N/A
Packaging Group	N/A
Environmental Hazards	No data available

Section 15: Regulatory Information

TSCA 8 (a): Not determined. Clean Air Section 112, 602 Class I, 602 Class II: Not listed. DEA List I Chemicals: Not listed. DEA List II Chemicals: Not listed. SARA 304 RQ: Not applicable. Massachusetts: Not listed. New York: Not listed. New Jersey: Not listed. Pennsylvania: Not listed. California Prop. 65: This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65. Australia: listed or exempted. Canada: Not listed in DSL but is listed in NDSL. China: Not listed or exempted. Japan: ENCS: is listed or exempted. Japan (ISHL): is listed or exempted. New Zealand: is listed or exempted. Philippines: is listed or exempted. Republic of Korea: Is not listed. Taiwan: is listed or exempted. Thailand: is not listed. Turkey: is not listed. United States: is listed or exempted. Vietnam: is not listed.

Section 16: Other Information		
Additional Information	HMIS, USA: Health 2, Flammability 3, Physical hazards 0. NFPA (USA): Health 1, Flammability 0, Instability/Reactivity 0.	
Prepared By	Scarlotte Smith	
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Disclaimer

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