

Section 1: Identification			
Common Name/Trade Name	DEXAMETHASONE		
Supplier Information	Letco Medical, LLC 1316 Commerce Drive NW Decatur, AL 35601 1 (800) 239-5288 +1 (734) 843-4693		IN CASE OF EMERGENCY: Chemtrec 1 (800) 424-9300 (24 hours) NSW Poisons Information Centre: 131 126 (24 hours)
Distributor Name	Bella Corp Trading Pty Ltd 6/34 Dominions Road, Ashm Telephone: 07 5597 4169 Email: <u>bellacorp@bellacorp.c</u>		
Product Synonym(s)	9-Fluoro-11β,17,21-trihydrox	y-16α-methylpregna-1,4-diene	e-3,20-dione
Relevant Use(s) of Product	Manufacture or Compounding	g of Substances	
	Soction	2. Hozarda Idan	atification
Classification of Substance or Mixture	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2B, Reproductive toxicity Category 2, Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure Category 1 (endocrine system)		
Signal Word	Danger		
Hazard Statement(s)	H320 H361 H372	Causes eye irritation Suspected of damaging fe Causes damage to organ:	ertility or the unborn child s through prolonged or repeated exposure
Pictogram(s)			
Precautionary Statement(s)	P201 P202 P260 P264 P270 P281 P305+P351+P338 P308+P313 P314 P337+P313 P405 P501	Do not breathe dust/fume. Wash hands thoroughly a Do not eat, drink or smoke Use personal protective e IF IN EYES Rinse cautiou present and easy to do. co IF exposed or concerned Get Medical advice/attent If eye irritation persists Ge Store locked up.	ety precautions have been read and understood. /gas/mist/vapours/spray. fter handling. e when using this product. quipment as required. Isly with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if ontinue rinsing. Get medical advice/attention.
Hazards Not Otherwise Classified	No data available		
Ingredient(s) with Unknown Toxicity	No data available		
	Section 3: Comp	osition/Informat	ion on Ingredients
Chemical Name	9-Fluoro-118.17.21-trihvdrox	v-16q-methylpregna-1.4-diene	2-3 20-dione

Chemical Name	9-Fluoro-11β,17,21-trihydroxy-16α-methylpregna-1,4-diene-3,20-dione
Common Name	Dexamethasone
CAS Number	50-02-2
Impurities and/or Stabilizing Additives	No data available

Section 4: First Aid Measures	
General Advice	Remove from exposure. Remove contaminated clothing. For treatment advice, seek guidance from an occupational health physician or other licensed healthcare provider familiar with workplace chemical exposures. If person is not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen if available. Persons developing serious hypersensitivity (anaphylactic) reactions must receive immediate medical attention.
If Inhaled	Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.
In Case of Skin Contact	Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
In Case of Eye Contact	Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
If Swallowed	Rinse mouth. If ingestion of a large amount does occur, call a poison control center immediately.
Most Important Symptoms and Effects	Endocrine system effects. Potent pharmacologically active material. Occupational exposure to small amounts may cause physiological effects. Treat symptomatically. Treatment of corticosteroid overdose may include the following: Toxicity is low after acute ingestion. Gastrointestinal decontamination is generally not necessary.

Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures		
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Suitable extinguishing Water. Foam. Dry chemical or CO <sub>2</sub> . Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.	
Special Hazards Arising From the Substance/Mixture	Explosion hazard: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.	
Special PPE and/or Precautions for Firefighters	Wear suitable protective equipment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. As with all fires, evacuate personnel to a safe area. Firefighters should use self-contained breathing equipment and protective clothing. Specific methods: Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. General fire hazards. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.	

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures	
Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of dust from the spilled material. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.
Methods and Materials Used for Containment	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
Cleanup Procedures	Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Avoid the generation of dusts during clean- up. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Section 7: Handling and Storage		
Precautions for Safe Handling	As a general rule, when handling, avoid all contact and inhalation of dust, mists, and/or vapors associated with the material. Clean equipment and work surfaces with suitable detergent or solvent after use. After removing gloves, wash hands and other exposed skin thoroughly. Avoid significant deposits of material, especially on horizontal surfaces, which may become airborne and form combustible dust clouds and may contribute to secondary explosions. Combustible dust clouds may be created where operations produce fine material (dust). Select and use containment devices and personal protective equipment based on a risk assessment of material potency and exposure potential.	
Conditions for Safe Storage	Store in tight container. This material should be handled and stored per label instructions to ensure product integrity.	

	Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection
Components with Workplace Control Parameters	Exposure limit values Industrial Use Material Type Value Dexamethasone (CAS 50-02-2) TWA 3 micrograms/m <sup>3</sup> . Biological limit values: No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s). Exposure guidelines: No exposure standards allocated.
Appropriate Engineering Controls	Airborne exposure should be controlled primarily by engineering controls such as general dilution ventilation, local exhaust ventilation, or process enclosure. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred to general exhaust because it can control the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion into the work area. An industrial hygiene survey involving air monitoring may be used to determine the effectiveness of engineering controls. Effectiveness of engineering controls intended for use with highly potent materials should be assessed by use of nontoxic surrogate materials. Local exhaust ventilation such as a laboratory fume hood or other vented enclosure is recommended, particularly for grinding, crushing, weighing, or other dust-generating procedures.
PPE - Eye/Face Protection	Safety glasses with side shields are recommended. Face shields or goggles may be required if splash potential exists or if corrosive materials are present. Approved eye protection is preferred. Maintain eyewash facilities in the work area.
PPE - Skin Protection	Consider double gloves. Wear nitrile or other impervious gloves if skin contact is possible. When the material is dissolved or suspended in an organic solvent, wear gloves that provide protection against the solvent.
PPE - Body Protection	Train employees in proper gowning and degowning practices. Wear disposable lab coat, disposable sleeve covers and two pair of gloves as appropriate for the task. Base the choice of skin protection on the job activity, potential for skin contact and solvents and reagents in use. Do not wear protective garments in common areas (e.g., cafeterias) or out-of-doors.
PPE - Respiratory Protection	Where respirators are deemed necessary to reduce or control occupational exposures.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties		
Appearance	White to almost white crystalline powder.	
Upper/Lower Flammability or Explosive Limits	No data available	
Odor	Odorless	
Vapor Pressure	< 0.0000001 kPa (77°F (25°C))	
Odor Threshold	No data available	
Vapor Density	No data available	
рН	No data available	
Relative Density	No data available	
Melting Point/Freezing Point	Melting point/range: 262 - 264°C (504 - 507°F) - lit.	
Solubility	Very slightly soluble in water.	
Initial Boiling Point and Boiling Range	No data available	
Flash Point	No data available	
Evaporation Rate	No data available	
Flammability (Solid, Gas)	No data available	
Partition Coefficient	1.62	
Auto-Ignition Temperature	No data available	
Decomposition Temperature	No data available	
Viscosity	No data available	

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity		
Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.	
Chemical Stability	Stable at normal conditions.	
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.	
Conditions to Avoid	Avoid temperatures exceeding the decomposition temperature. Contact with incompatible materials.	
Incompatible Materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Acid chlorides. Acid anhydrides.	
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Irritating and/or toxic fumes or gases. Emits toxic fumes under fire conditions.	

	Section 11: Toxicological Information
Acute Toxicity - LD50 Oral	Acute Oral Mouse 6.5 g/kg LD50 Rat more than 3 g/kg
Acute Toxicity - Inhalation	No data available
Acute Toxicity - Dermal	No data available
Acute Toxicity - Eye	Causes eye irritation.
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	Causes eye irritation.
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	Knowledge about health hazard is incomplete.
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	Ames test (Salmonella typhimurium) Result: Negative Micronucleus test Result: Positive Mutagenicity: human lymphocytes Result: Positive
Carcinogenicity IARC	Knowledge about carcinogenicity is incomplete.
Carcinogenicity ACGIH	Knowledge about carcinogenicity is incomplete.
Carcinogenicity NTP	Knowledge about carcinogenicity is incomplete.
Carcinogenicity OSHA	Knowledge about carcinogenicity is incomplete.
Reproductive Toxicity	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Most studies have concluded that therapeutic use of corticosteroids by pregnant women does not cause adverse effects on the fetus. A small increase in the incidence of cleft palate was seen in some human studies. Infants born to mothers who received substantial doses of corticosteroids during pregnancy should be observed for signs of hypoadrenalism. Epidemiological studies have not shown an association between therapeutic use of this material during pregnancy and an increased incidence of birth defects. Reproductivity 1 mg/kg/day Reproductivity, Caused structural malformations in the offspring. Result: Positive Species: Rat Reproductivity, Fetotoxicity; increased incidence of malformations at maternally toxic doses. Result: Positive
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure	Knowledge about health hazard is incomplete.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure	Causes damage to organs (endocrine system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration Hazard	No data available

Section 12: Ecological Information		
Toxicity	The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.	
Persistence and Degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.	
Bio-accumulative Potential	Octanol/water partition coefficient log Kow: 1.83	
Mobility in Soil	No data available	
Other Adverse Effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.	

Section 13: Disposal Considerations	
Waste Treatment Methods Product	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine, at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste.
Waste Treatment Methods Packaging	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company. Waste from residues/ unused products: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions). Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.
Special Precautions Landfill or Incinerations	No data available
Other Information	No data available

Section 14: Transport Information	
UN Number	Not dangerous goods.
UN Proper Shipping Name	N/A
Transport Hazard Class(es)	N/A
Packaging Group	N/A
Environmental Hazards	N/A

## Section 15: Regulatory Information

US federal regulations: This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA): SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance: Not listed SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical: Yes Classified hazard categories Serious eye damage or eye irritation Reproductive toxicity Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure) SARA 313 (TRI reporting) Not regulated. Other federal regulations: Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA): Not regulated. US state regulations: California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

Section 16: Other Information	
Additional Information	N/A
Prepared By	Scarlotte Smith
Revision Date	06/30/2023 16:03

## Disclaimer

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