

Section 1: Identification		
Common Name/Trade Name	PROPYLENE GLYCOL USP	
Supplier Information	Letco Medical, LLC 1316 Commerce Drive NW Decatur, AL 35601 1 (800) 239-5288 +1 (734) 843-4693	IN CASE OF EMERGENCY: Chemtrec 1 (800) 424-9300 (24 hours) NSW Poisons Information Centre: 131 126 (24 hours)
Distributor Name	Bella Corp Trading Pty Ltd 6/34 Dominions Road, Ashmore QLD 4214, Australia Telephone: 07 5597 4169 Email: bellacorp@bellacorp.com.au	
Product Synonym(s)	propane-1,2-diol	
Relevant Use(s) of Product	Manufacture or Compounding of Substances	

Section 2: Hazards Identification	
Classification of Substance or Mixture	Not a hazardous substance or mixture.
Signal Word	None
Hazard Statement(s)	N/A
Pictogram(s)	N/A
Precautionary Statement(s)	N/A
Hazards Not Otherwise Classified	GHS classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200 Not a hazardous substance or mixture.
Ingredient(s) with Unknown Toxicity	No data available

	Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients
Chemical Name	Propylene glycol 1,2-Propanediol
Common Name	Propylene Glycol
CAS Number	57-55-6
Impurities and/or Stabilizing Additives	No data available

Section 4: First Aid Measures	
General Advice	If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.
If Inhaled	Move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing; consult a physician.
In Case of Skin Contact	Wash off with plenty of water.
In Case of Eye Contact	Flush eyes thoroughly with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses after the initial 1-2 minutes and continue flushing for several additional minutes. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.
If Swallowed	Rinse mouth with water. No emergency medical treatment necessary.
Most Important Symptoms and Effects	Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures	
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Water fog or fine spray. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguishers. Foam. Alcohol resistant foams (ATC type) are preferred. General purpose synthetic foams (including AFFF) or protein foams may function, but will be less effective. Do not use direct water stream. May spread fire.
Special Hazards Arising From the Substance/Mixture	During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Container may rupture from gas generation in a fire situation. Violent steam generation or eruption may occur upon application of direct water stream to hot liquids.
Special PPE and/or Precautions for Firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective firefighting clothing (includes firefighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures	
Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures	Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the area. Keep personnel out of low areas.
Methods and Materials Used for Containment	Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.
Cleanup Procedures	Contain spilled material if possible. Small spills: Any absorbent material. Collect in suitable and properly labeled open containers. Wash the spill site with large quantities of water. Large spills: Dike area to contain spill. Pump into suitable and properly labeled containers. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

Section 7: Handling and Storage	
Precautions for Safe Handling	Product handled hot may require additional ventilation or local exhaust. Spills of these organic materials on hot fibrous insulations may lead to lowering of the autoignition temperatures possibly resulting in spontaneous combustion. See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.
Conditions for Safe Storage	Store away from direct sunlight or ultraviolet light. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Store in a dry place. Protect from atmospheric moisture. Store in the following material(s): Stainless steel. Aluminum. Container lined with phenolic or epoxy-phenolic FDA food contact approved coating. 316 stainless steel. Opaque HDPE plastic container. Use within 24 Month

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection	
Components with Workplace Control Parameters	If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.
Appropriate Engineering Controls	Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.
PPE - Eye/Face Protection	Use safety glasses (with side shields). If there is a potential for exposure to particles which could cause eye discomfort, wear chemical goggles.
PPE - Skin Protection	Use gloves chemically resistant to this material when prolonged or frequently repeated contact could occur. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Polyethylene. Neoprene. Natural rubber ("latex"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyvinyl alcohol ("PVA"). Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.
PPE - Body Protection	Wear clean, body-covering clothing.
PPE - Respiratory Protection	Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. For most conditions no respiratory protection should be needed; however, if discomfort is experienced, use an approved air-purifying respirator. The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate prefilter.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties	
Appearance	Liquid
Upper/Lower Flammability or Explosive Limits	Not data
Odor	Odorless
Vapor Pressure	20 Pa at 25°C (77°F) EC Method A4
Odor Threshold	No data available
Vapor Density	2.62 Literature
pH	No data available
Relative Density	1.03 at 20°C (68°F) / 20°C EC Method A3
Melting Point/Freezing Point	< -20°C (< -4°F) EC Method A1
Solubility	No data is available
Initial Boiling Point and Boiling Range	184°C (363°F) at 752.46 mmHg EC Method A2
Flash Point	closed cup 104°C (219°F) at 1,000.1 hPa EC Method A9 (PMCC)
Evaporation Rate	0.01
Flammability (Solid, Gas)	No data is available
Partition Coefficient	log Pow: -1.07 Measured
Auto-Ignition Temperature	> 400°C (> 752°F) at 100.01 kPa EC Method A15
Decomposition Temperature	No data available
Viscosity	43.4 mPa.s at 25°C (77°F) Literature Kinematic Viscosity No data available

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity	
Reactivity	No data available
Chemical Stability	Stable under recommended storage conditions. See Storage, Section 7. Hygroscopic
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions	Polymerization will not occur.
Conditions to Avoid	None known.
Incompatible Materials	Avoid contact with: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials. Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Aldehydes. Alcohols. Ethers. Organic acids.

Section 11: Toxicological Information	
Acute Toxicity - LD50 Oral	Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts.
Acute Toxicity - Inhalation	At room temperature, exposure to vapor is minimal due to low volatility.
Acute Toxicity - Dermal	No data available
Acute Toxicity - Eye	No data available
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Prolonged contact is essentially nonirritating to skin. Repeated contact may cause flaking and softening of skin.
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	May cause slight temporary eye irritation. Corneal injury is unlikely. Mist may cause eye irritation.
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	No Data available.
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	No data available
Carcinogenicity IARC	No data available
Carcinogenicity ACGIH	No data available
Carcinogenicity NTP	No data available
Carcinogenicity OSHA	No data available
Reproductive Toxicity	In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction. In animal studies, did not interfere with fertility.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure	No data available
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure	No data available
Aspiration Hazard	No data available

Section 12: Ecological Information	
Toxicity	Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).
Persistence and Degradability	Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability. Biodegradation may occur under anaerobic conditions (in the absence of oxygen). 10-day Window: Pass
Bio-accumulative Potential	Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3). Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water (log Pow): -1.07 Measured Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.09 Estimate
Mobility in Soil	Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an important fate process. Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).
Other Adverse Effects	No data available.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations		
Waste Treatment Methods Product	DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SEWERS, ON THE GROUND, OR INTO ANY BODY OF WATER. All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator.	
Waste Treatment Methods Packaging	DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SEWERS, ON THE GROUND, OR INTO ANY BODY OF WATER. All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator.	
Special Precautions Landfill or Incinerations	No data available	
Other Information	No data available.	

Section 14: Transport Information		
UN Number	Not dangerous goods.	
UN Proper Shipping Name	N/A	
Transport Hazard Class(es)	N/A	
Packaging Group	N/A	
Environmental Hazards	N/A	

Section 15: Regulatory Information

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act CERCLA Reportable Quantity This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ. SARA 311/312 Hazards: No SARA Hazards SARA 313: This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313. This product does not contain any hazardous air pollutants (HAP), as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 112 (40 CFR 61). California Prop. 65 This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm. All components of this product are in compliance with the inventory listing requirements of the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory.

Section 16: Other Information	
Additional Information	Additional information on this and other products may be obtained by visiting our web page. Identification Number: 302371 / A001 / Issue Date: 08/07/2020 / Version: 12.0 Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.
Prepared By	Zondra Moody
Revision Date	10/31/2022 12:50

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