## R.C. SPROUL IN THE BEGINNING WAS THE WORD AND THE WORD WAS WITH GOD AND THE WORD WAS GOD

JOHN: AN EXPOSITIONAL COMMENTARY

"'R.C. Sproul,' someone said to me in the 1970s, 'is the finest communicator in the Reformed world.' Now, four decades later, his skills honed by long practice, his understanding deepened by years of prayer, meditation, and testing (as Martin Luther counseled), R.C. shares the fruit of what became perhaps his greatest love: feeding and nourishing his own congregation at St. Andrew's from the Word of God and building them up in faith and fellowship and in Christian living and serving. Dr. Sproul's expositional commentaries have all R.C.'s hallmarks: clarity and liveliness, humor and pathos, always expressed in application to the mind, will, and affections. R.C.'s ability to focus on 'the big picture,' his genius of never saying too much, leaving his hearers satisfied yet wanting more, never making the Word dull, are all present in these expositions. They are his gift to the wider church. May they nourish God's people well and serve as models of the kind of ministry for which we continue to hunger."

—Dr. Sinclair B. Ferguson Teaching Fellow Ligonier Ministries

"Dr. R.C. Sproul, well known as a master theologian and extraordinary communicator, showed that he was a powerful, insightful, helpful expository preacher. This collection of sermons is of great value for churches and Christians everywhere."

—Dr. W. Robert Godfrey President emeritus and professor of church history emeritus Westminster Seminary California, Escondido, California

"I tell my students again and again, 'You need to buy good commentaries and do so with some discernment.' Among them there must be preacher's commentaries, for not all commentaries are the same. Some may tell you what the text means but provide little help in answering the question, 'How do I preach this text?' Dr. R.C. Sproul was a legend in our time. His preaching held us in awe for half a century, and these pages represent the fruit of his exposition at the very peak of his abilities and insights. Dr. Sproul's expositional commentary series represents Reformed theology on fire, delivered from a pastor's heart in a vibrant congregation. Essential reading."

—Dr. Derek W.H. Thomas Senior minister First Presbyterian Church, Columbia, South Carolina

"Dr. R.C. Sproul was the premier theologian of our day, an extraordinary instrument in the hand of the Lord. Possessed with penetrating insight into the text of Scripture, Dr. Sproul was a gifted expositor and world-class teacher, endowed with a strategic grasp and command of the inspired Word. When he stepped into the pulpit of St. Andrew's and committed himself to the weekly discipline of biblical exposition, this noted preacher demonstrated a rare ability to explicate and apply God's Word. I wholeheartedly recommend Dr. Sproul's expositional commentaries to all who long to know the truth better and experience it more deeply in a life-changing fashion. Here is an indispensable tool for digging deeper into God's Word. This is a must-read for every Christian."

> —Dr. Steven J. Lawson Founder and president OnePassion Ministries, Dallas

"How exciting! Thousands of us have long been indebted to Dr. R.C. Sproul the teacher, and now, through Dr. Sproul's expositional commentaries, we are indebted to Sproul the preacher, whose sermons are thoroughly biblical, soundly doctrinal, warmly practical, and wonderfully readable. Sproul masterfully presents us with the 'big picture' of each pericope in a dignified yet conversational style that accentuates the glory of God and meets the real needs of sinful people like us. This series of volumes is an absolute must for every Reformed preacher and church member who yearns to grow in the grace and knowledge of Christ Jesus. I predict that Sproul's pulpit ministry in written form will do for Christians in the twenty-first century what Martyn Lloyd-Jones' sermonic commentaries did for us last century. *Tolle lege*, and buy these volumes for your friends."

—Dr. Joel R. Beeke President and professor of systematic theology and homiletics Puritan Reformed Theological Seminary, Grand Rapids, Michigan

### JOHN

#### AN EXPOSITIONAL COMMENTARY

# JOHN

#### AN EXPOSITIONAL COMMENTARY

#### R.C. SPROUL

**R** Reformation Trust A DIVISION OF LIGONIER MINISTRIES, ORLANDO, FL

*John: An Expositional Commentary* © 2009 by R.C. Sproul

Published by Reformation Trust Publishing a division of Ligonier Ministries 421 Ligonier Court, Sanford, FL 32771 Ligonier.org ReformationTrust.com

Printed in China RR Donnelley 0001019 First edition, eighth printing

ISBN 978-1-64289-182-9 (Hardcover) ISBN 978-1-64289-183-6 (ePub) ISBN 978-1-64289-184-3 (Kindle)

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means—electronic, mechanical, photocopy, recording, or otherwise—without the prior written permission of the publisher, Reformation Trust Publishing. The only exception is brief quotations in printed reviews.

Cover design: Ligonier Creative Interior typeset: Katherine Lloyd, The DESK

Unless otherwise noted, all Scripture taken from the New King James Version <sup>®</sup>. Copyright © 1982 by Thomas Nelson. Used by permission. All rights reserved.

Scripture quotations marked (NIV) are taken from the Holy Bible, New International Version<sup>®</sup>, NIV<sup>®</sup>. Copyright © 1973, 1978, 1984, 2011 by Biblica, Inc.<sup>™</sup> Used by permission of Zondervan. All rights reserved worldwide. www.zondervan.com. The "NIV" and "New International Version" are trademarks registered in the United States Patent and Trademark Office by Biblica, Inc.<sup>™</sup>

Scripture quotations marked ESV are from the ESV® Bible (The Holy Bible, English Standard Version®), copyright © 2001 by Crossway, a publishing ministry of Good News Publishers. Used by permission. All rights reserved.

All emphases in Scripture quotations have been added by the author.

#### Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

Names: Sproul, R.C. (Robert Charles), 1939-2017, author.
Title: John : an expositional commentary / R.C. Sproul.
Description: Orlando : Reformation Trust, 2019. | Originally published: Lake Mary, Fla. : Reformation Trust Pub., 2009.
Identifiers: LCCN 2019000112 (print) | LCCN 2019022269 (ebook) | ISBN 9781642891829 (hardcover)
Subjects: LCSH: Bible. John--Commentaries. | Bible. John--Sermons.
Classification: LCC BS2615.53 .S67 2019 (print) | LCC BS2615.53 (ebook) | DDC 226.5/077--dc23
LC record available at https://lccn.loc.gov/2019000112
LC ebook record available at https://lccn.loc.gov/2019022269 To Sherrie, A godly daughter who continues to faithfully serve God and His kingdom.

#### CONTENTS

	Series Preface	xi
	Preface	xiii
1.	The Prologue (1:1–18)	1
2.	Who Are You? (1:19–28)	7
3.	The Lamb of God (1:29–51)	13
4.	The Wedding Feast (2:1–11)	19
5.	The Cleansing of the Temple (2:12–25)	25
6.	Rebirth (3:1–13)	31
7.	The Son of Man Must Be Lifted Up (3:14–21)	39
8.	Jesus and John the Baptist (3:22–36)	45
9.	The Woman at the Well, Part 1 (4:1–15)	51
10.	The Woman at the Well, Part 2 (4:16–42)	57
11.	The Nobleman's Son (4:43–54)	63
12.	The Pool of Bethesda (5:1–15)	69
13.	The Son of the Father (5:16–30)	75
14.	Witnesses to Christ (5:31–47)	83
15.	Feeding the Five Thousand (6:1–15)	91
16.	Bread from Heaven (6:16–34)	99
17.	Bread of Life (6:35–51)	105
18.	Hard Sayings (6:52–71)	111
19.	Unbelief (7:1–13)	117
20.	Christ the Scholar (7:14–31)	123
21.	Who Is This Man? (7:32–8:1)	131
22.	The Woman Caught in Adultery (8:2–11)	137
23.	Jesus' Self-Witness (8:12–30)	143
24.	Abraham and Freedom (8:31–59)	149
25.	The Man Born Blind, Part 1 (9:1–12)	157
26.	The Man Born Blind, Part 2 (9:13–41)	165
27.	The Good Shepherd Discourse (10:1–21)	171

20		170
	The Son of God (10:22–42)	179
	The Death of Lazarus (11:1–27)	187
	The Raising of Lazarus (11:28–44)	193
31.	Expediency and Extravagance (11:45–12:8)	199
32.	The Blessed King (12:9–19)	207
33.	The Hour Has Come (12:20–34)	213
34.	The Sent One (12:35–50)	219
35.	The Foot Washing (13:1–17)	225
36.	The Betrayal (13:18–38)	231
37.	A Place for You (14:1–3)	239
38.	The Only Way (14:4–11)	245
39.	Another Helper (14:12–17)	251
40.	The Legacy (14:18–31)	257
41.	"I Am the Vine" (15:1–8)	265
42.	The Cost of Discipleship (15:9–27)	271
43.	Redemption Applied (16:1–15)	277
44.	Overcoming the World (16:16–33)	285
45.	The Glory of Christ (17:1–5)	291
46.	The Intercession (17:6–19)	297
47.	Prayer for the Church (17:20–26)	303
48.	The Arrest of Jesus (18:1–14)	309
49.	Peter's Denial (18:15–27)	315
50.	Jesus and Pilate (18:28–38)	321
51.	The Judgment of Pilate (18:39–19:16)	327
52.	The Crucifixion of Christ (19:17–37)	335
53.	The Burial of Jesus (19:38–42)	343
54.	The Resurrection (20:1–18)	351
55.	Doubting Thomas (20:19–31)	359
56.	Breakfast on the Seashore (21:1–14)	365
	"Feed My Sheep" (21:15–25)	371
	Index of Names	377
	About the Author	381

#### SERIES PREFACE

hen God called me into full-time Christian ministry, He called me to the academy. I was trained and ordained to a ministry of teaching, and the majority of my adult life has been devoted to preparing young men for the Christian ministry and to trying to bridge the gap between seminary and Sunday school through various means under the aegis of Ligonier Ministries.

Then, in 1997, God did something I never anticipated: He placed me in the position of preaching weekly as a leader of a congregation of His people—St. Andrew's in Sanford, Florida. Over the past twelve years, as I have opened the Word of God on a weekly basis for these dear saints, I have come to love the task of the local minister. Though my role as a teacher continues, I am eternally grateful to God that He saw fit to place me in this new ministry, the ministry of a preacher.

Very early in my tenure with St. Andrew's, I determined that I should adopt the ancient Christian practice of *lectio continua*, "continuous expositions," in my preaching. This method of preaching verse-by-verse through books of the Bible (rather than choosing a new topic each week) has been attested throughout church history as the one approach that ensures believers hear the full counsel of God. Therefore, I began preaching lengthy series of messages at St. Andrew's, eventually working my way through several biblical books in a practice that continues to the present day.

Previously, I had taught through books of the Bible in various settings, including Sunday school classes, Bible studies, and audio and video teaching series for Ligonier Ministries. But now I found myself appealing not so much to the minds of my hearers but to both their minds and their hearts. I knew that I was responsible as a preacher to clearly explain God's Word *and* to show how we ought to live in light of it. I sought to fulfill both tasks as I ascended the St. Andrew's pulpit each week.

What you hold in your hand, then, is a written record of my preaching labors amidst my beloved Sanford congregation. The dear saints who sit under my preaching encouraged me to give my sermons a broader hearing. To that end, the chapters that follow were adapted from a sermon series I preached at St. Andrew's.

Please be aware that this book is part of a broader series of books containing adaptations of my St. Andrew's sermons. This book, like all the others in the series, will *not* give you the fullest possible insight into each and every verse in this biblical book. Though I sought to at least touch on each verse, I focused on the key themes and ideas that comprised the "big picture" of each passage I covered. Therefore, I urge you to use this book as an overview and introduction.

I pray that you will be as blessed in reading this material as I was in preaching it.

—R.C. Sproul Lake Mary, Florida April 2009

#### PREFACE

hen I was a sophomore in college, I signed up to take a course on the Gospel of John. Just before that course started, the professor who was to teach it became very ill and was forced to undergo major surgery. To replace him for that semester, the college summoned a man who was internationally known for his theological contributions. He was in his late eighties, but he came out of retirement to teach this course. Because I was receiving instruction from this man of international acclaim, at the end of that course I thought I knew everything there was to know about the Gospel of John.

Also while I was in college, when I took Greek, we translated from the Gospel of John for three years. Then I went to seminary and took three more years of Greek, and we translated the entire Gospel of John once more. So when I finished those courses, I was confident that I had a pretty good sense both of what was in the book and John's intended meaning.

However, when I spent nearly two years preaching through the Gospel of John from the pulpit of St. Andrew's in Sanford, Florida, I discovered that I knew nothing about this Gospel. I learned that until you begin to dig into a book for the purpose of preaching it each week, you don't really know it.

It is customary in New Testament studies to distinguish between the Gospel of John and the other three Gospels. The books of Matthew, Mark, and Luke are called the Synoptic Gospels for the simple reason that they give us synopses of the life of Jesus—overviews of His ministry on this earth. It's not as if John was not interested in giving us biographical details about the life of Jesus and samples of His teaching, but he proceeded in quite a different style. His is the most theological of the four Gospels in the New Testament, and he devoted almost two-thirds of his written account to the last week of Jesus' life. John, as it were, wanted to put a spotlight on the critically important redemptive-historical activity that Jesus performed during His stay on earth.

This means we find many unique features in John's Gospel that do not appear in the other records of Jesus' life. For instance, John's Gospel gives us the most extensive revelation from the lips of Jesus of the person and work of the Holy Spirit, the third person of the Trinity, information that is found in the upper room discourse that took place on Maundy Thursday, the day before Jesus' crucifixion.

It is my hope that as you read through the chapters of this book, which were adapted from my sermons at St. Andrew's, that you will discover the treasures of the Gospel of John as never before, just as I did. However, I am not referring here to mere facts about Palestine, about the Jews, or even about Jesus himself. My prayer is that you will grow in your knowledge of—and love for—the supreme treasure, Jesus the Redeemer, the One whom John the Baptist hailed as "The Lamb of God who takes away the sin of the world!" (1:29b).

1

#### THE PROLOGUE

#### John 1:1-18

6 mm O

In the beginning was the Word, and the Word was with God, and the Word was God. He was in the beginning with God. All things were made through Him, and without Him nothing was made that was made. In Him was life, and the life was the light of men. And the light shines in the darkness, and the darkness did not comprehend it. There was a man sent from God, whose name was John. This man came for a witness, to bear witness of the Light, that all through him might believe. He was not that Light, but was sent to bear witness of that Light. That was the true Light which gives light to every man coming into the world. He was in the world, and the world was made through Him, and the world did not know Him. He came to His own, and His own did not receive Him. But as many as received Him, to them He gave the right to become children of God, to those who believe in His name: who were born, not of blood, nor of the will of the flesh, nor of the will of man, but of God. And the Word became flesh and dwelt among us, and we beheld His glory, the glory as of the only begotten of the Father, full of grace and truth. John bore witness of Him and cried out, saying, "This was He of whom I said, 'He who comes after me is preferred before me, for He was before me.'" And of His fullness we have all received, and grace for grace. For the law was given through Moses, but grace and truth came through Jesus Christ. No one has seen God at any time. The only begotten Son, who is in the bosom of the Father, He has declared Him.

he first eighteen verses of John's Gospel are commonly known as the prologue. No portion of the New Testament captured the imagination and the attention of the Christian intellectual community for the first three centuries more than this brief section of John's Gospel. In attempting to understand the person of Christ, the early church became virtually preoccupied with the high view of Christ that is expressed in the prologue. From this foundation, those early believers developed what was called the "*Logos* Christology," or the understanding of Christ as **the Word**, who is introduced here in the opening words of John's Gospel.

We have to ask: Why does John begin his Gospel with this prologue? Why doesn't he simply start as Matthew and Luke do, by telling us about the circumstances of the conception of Jesus and His birth to a peasant girl? In a strikingly different approach, John begins his Gospel with Jesus already as an adult. The only material that precedes the launch of Jesus' ministry is this prologue of eighteen verses.

I believe the inclusion of the prologue has to do with John's overriding goal, throughout his Gospel, of making a case for the identity of Christ. John says later that he wrote what he did "that you may believe that Jesus is the Christ, the Son of God, and that believing you may have life in His name" (20:31). Simply put, John is not interested in being a detached observer and chronicler of the life of Jesus. He is trying to persuade his readers of the truth of Christ so that they might become His disciples. Therefore, before he enters into an overview of Jesus' life and ministry, he composes a quick look at Jesus' ultimate credentials.

In the prologue, John answers one of the main questions that we often ask when we meet people for the first time. We ask such questions as, "What's your name?" and "What do you do?" And, of course, we love to ask, "Where are you from?" Here in his prologue, John answers this question with respect to Jesus. John tells us where Jesus was from.

The New Testament uses many titles for Jesus. The one that occurs most frequently is *Christos*, or "Christ," which is the New Testament word for "Messiah." It is used so often that many people assume that it is Jesus' last name, that He is *named* Jesus Christ. Actually, His name is Jesus, but His title is Christ. Thus, "Jesus Christ" is an affirmation that Jesus is the Messiah. The second-mostfrequent title given to Jesus is "Lord," and this title is at the heart of the earliest Christian creed: "Jesus is Lord." The next-most-used title, far behind "Christ" and "Lord" in terms of its frequency of appearance in the New Testament, is "Son of Man." This title is used roughly eighty times in the New Testament, but even though it comes in third in usage by those who wrote about Jesus, it was far and away Jesus' favorite self-designation. If we were to ask Jesus, "Who are you?" He most likely would answer, "I am the Son of Man."

When we hear Jesus call Himself the "Son of Man," we tend to see it as an expression of His humility, for we understand Him to be identifying with our humanity. This title does involve Jesus' identification and corporate solidarity with our humanity, but that is not its primary emphasis. When Jesus called Himself the Son of Man in front of Jewish people of the first century, they understood that He was identifying Himself with that person who was defined and described in the Old Testament book of Daniel as a heavenly being who comes from the very throne of God on a mission to judge the world (Dan. 7:13ff.). So when Jesus called Himself the Son of Man, He was describing Himself not only in terms of His activity but of His origin. He was telling His hearers where He had come from.

Sometimes Jesus stated His origins very explicitly. For instance, He said on one occasion, "I have come down from heaven, not to do My own will, but the will of Him who sent Me" (John 6:38). Likewise, in a discussion about the Jewish patriarch Abraham, Jesus said, "Most assuredly, I say to you, before Abraham was, I AM." (John 8:58). The Jews immediately picked up stones to put him to death because they understood His message—Jesus was equating Himself with God, who had revealed Himself to Moses as "I AM WHO I AM" (Ex. 3:14). Again, when He told a paralyzed man that his sins were forgiven, He then healed the man so that, in His words, those who were there would "know that the Son of Man has power on earth to forgive sins" (Matt. 9:6). These were not statements of humility. These were statements by which Jesus openly declared that He had come from heaven. John's prologue was intended to accomplish much the same goal—before John gave us his record of the earthly visitation of Jesus, he told us where Jesus was from.

#### An Echo of Genesis

John begins by declaring that the Word was **in the beginning**, **was with God**, and **was God** (v. 1). Here John echoes the opening words of the Old Testament: "In the beginning God created the heavens and the earth." This sentence in and of itself was enough to keep theologians busy for hundreds of years because, on the one hand, the Word (Jesus) is distinguished *from* God, but from a different perspective, the Word is identified *with* God. This sentence, more than any other passage in Scripture, is foundational for the church's confession of the doctrine of the Trinity, the belief that God is one in three persons.

John goes on to write that **all things were made through Him** (v. 3). Jesus is now identified as the incarnation of that member of the Trinity for whom,

by whom, and in whom all things were made. In this extraordinary statement, John says: "The One I'm going to tell you about, the One in whom there is life, the One in whom I want you to believe, is the One who created you in the first place. Nothing was made apart from Him."

As we make our way through John's Gospel, we will see two words appear again and again. Those words are *life* and *light*, and we encounter them here in the prologue. John says **in Him was life, and the life was the light of men** (v. 4). The Scriptures often use the antonyms of these words to describe the natural fallen condition of this world, speaking of it in terms of *death* and *darkness*. Recently, when I read this verse, which I have read countless times before, I was prompted to think back over my lifetime and rehearse the meaningful moments of my personal experience, and clearly the most defining moment in my life was my conversion to Christ. Sometimes people speak mockingly of those who are converted, saying they have "seen the light," but they're closer to the truth than they realize. For me, conversion was the point when "the lights went on"; I understood things I had not grasped before. I saw that there was life in Christ, that He gives eternal life. Conversely, of course, outside of Christ there may be biological life, but there is no ultimate life—there is only spiritual death.

Later in the prologue, John writes that **we beheld His glory, the glory as of the only begotten of the Father, full of grace and truth** (v. 14). John is surely speaking here of Jesus' transfiguration, that moment when, atop the mountain, His heavenly glory was made manifest and the three disciples accompanying Him were dazzled. At that time, Jesus' light was real and visible, but the light of truth that He brought was displayed throughout His ministry.

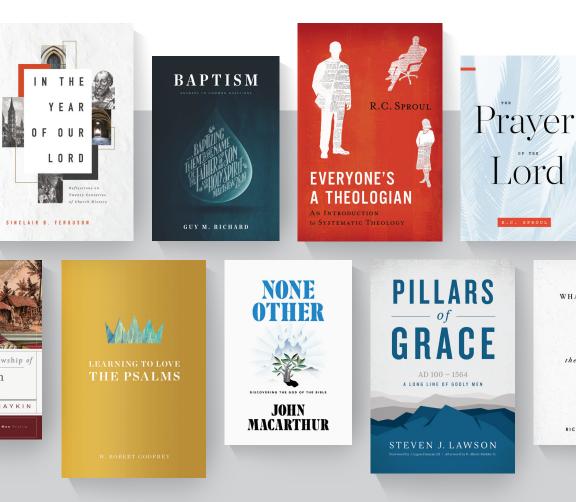
In the second century, when the Christian philosophers and apologists sought to define the Christian faith over against the pagan world and to answer the critics from Greek philosophy, Justin Martyr argued that geniuses such as Plato and Aristotle did not discover any great truths by their own power. Whatever light these pagan philosophers found was borrowed from the light that comes into the world. All light finds its origin in Jesus Christ, who is the fountain of all truth. That is the point John is making here.

In verses 6–8, John introduced John the Baptist: **There was a man sent from God, whose name was John. This man came for a witness, to bear witness of the light, that all through him might believe. He was not that Light, but was sent to bear witness of that Light**. John the Baptist was sent by God as Jesus' forerunner, to point Him out. We're told in verse 15 that John fulfilled his mission; he cried out, "This was He of whom I said, 'He who comes after me is preferred before me, for He was before me.'" Later, he pointed to Jesus with those stirring words, "Behold! The Lamb of God" (v. 29b). The prologue also contains an awful word of judgment: **He was in the world, and the world was made through Him, and the world did not know Him. He came to His own, and His own did not receive Him** (vv. 10–11). Jesus Himself spoke of this rejection He experienced, saying, "This is the condemnation, that the light has come into the world, and men loved the darkness rather than light, because their deeds were evil" (3:19). Many years ago, I was interviewed by Dr. James Montgomery Boice for his radio program, and I had occasion to quote this verse. I attempted to quote the King James Version, which says, "Their deeds were evil," but instead I said, "Their eeds were deevil." That was the end of that interview, and as a result of it, even though it was long ago, I can hardly read that text without flinching. But we ought to flinch even when we read the words properly, for this verse tells us the world is exposed to the condemnation of God because people prefer the darkness to the light. They do not want to come to the light, Jesus Christ, because their evil deeds will be exposed.

#### Good News of Hope

But John's prologue also gives very good news: **But as many as received Him, to them He gave the right to become children of God, to those who believe in His name**" (v. 12). This is the good news of the gospel, the great hope that John wants his readers to know. John longs for them to believe in Jesus as the Christ.

I can't possibly know the state of the soul of anyone reading this book. We judge on outward appearances; only God can look at the heart. But if we go by the odds, the probabilities are extremely high that many of those reading this book do not know Christ and are still living in darkness, for the darkness covers their hearts and their souls, and they've never experienced the life that only He can give. It is my earnest prayer that as we look through the pages and the chapters of this Gospel, that God the Holy Spirit will make you see that light so clearly that you will be like those who did receive Jesus, to whom God gave the right to be called His children. My prayer is that through this Word, by which faith comes, you will come to know that light and that life. If you already have His life in you, and you already have seen the beauty of that life and have been rescued from darkness, I pray that you will move from light to light, from life to life, from faith to faith, and from grace to grace as we learn of Him. We publish books that proclaim the historic Christian faith to new generations. *These are books you can trust.* 



Order your copy of this title, download the ebook version, or browse our entire collection at **ReformationTrust.com**.

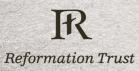
 ${f R}$  Reformation Trust

#### In Christ, We Find Life and Light

If you start at the beginning of the New Testament and read straight through, first you'll find three similar accounts of Jesus' life. Then you come to the gospel of John. From recounting Jesus' signs to recording His famous "I am" statements, John puts a spotlight on Jesus' redemptive work so that others will believe and be saved. In this volume, Dr. R.C. Sproul provides an introduction to John in his accessible, conversational style. Each chapter is packed with insights and exhortations to draw you closer to the life and light of the Savior.

Dr. Sproul's expositional commentaries help you understand key theological themes and apply them to all areas of your life. Drawn from decades of careful study and delivered from a pastor's heart, these sermons are readable, practical, and thoroughly Bible-centered. Here is your opportunity to learn from a trusted teacher and theologian as he leads you through God's Word and shares his perspective on living faithfully for God's glory. This is a series to serve pastors, small groups, and growing Christians who want to know the Bible better.

> R.C. Sproul was founder of Ligonier Ministries, founding pastor of Saint Andrew's Chapel in Sanford, Fla., and first president of Reformation Bible College. He was author of more than one hundred books, including The Holiness of God.





RELIGION / Biblical Commentary / New Testament