

Section 1: Identification

Common Name/Trade Name	OIL MINERAL LIGHT NF	
Supplier Information	Letco Medical, LLC 1316 Commerce Drive NW Decatur, AL 35601 1 (800) 239-5288 +1 (734) 843-4693	IN CASE OF EMERGENCY: Chemtrec 1 (800) 424-9300 (24 hours) NSW Poisons Information Centre: 131 126 (24 hours)
Distributor Name	Bella Corp Trading Pty Ltd 6/34 Dominions Road, Ashmore QLD 4214, Australia Telephone: 07 5597 4169 Email: bellacorp@bellacorp.com.au	
Product Synonym(s)	White mineral oil, petroleum; White spirits; White mineral oil; Mineral oil; Paraffin oil; Paraffinum liquidum	
Relevant Use(s) of Product	Manufacture or Compounding of Substances	

Section 2: Hazards Identification

Classification of Substance or Mixture	Aspiration Hazard-Category 1	
Signal Word	Danger	
Hazard Statement(s)	H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
Pictogram(s)		
Precautionary Statement(s)	P202 P233 P301+P310+P331 P314 P363 P405 P501	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep container tightly closed. IF SWALLOWED Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get Medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Store locked up. Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.
Hazards Not Otherwise Classified	None known.	
Ingredient(s) with Unknown Toxicity	No data available	

Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	White mineral oil (petroleum)
Common Name	Oil Mineral NF
CAS Number	8042-47-5
Additional Ingredient Information	There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.
Impurities and/or Stabilizing Additives	No data available

Section 4: First Aid Measures

General Advice	Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary: Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. Specific treatments: No specific treatment. Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
If Inhaled	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
In Case of Skin Contact	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
In Case of Eye Contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
If Swallowed	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most Important Symptoms and Effects	Potential acute health effects: Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Over-exposure signs/symptoms: Eye contact: No specific data. Inhalation: No specific data. Skin contact: No specific data. Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting.

Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media	Suitable extinguishing media: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use water jet.
Special Hazards Arising From the Substance/Mixture	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special PPE and/or Precautions for Firefighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Firefighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures	For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
Methods and Materials Used for Containment	Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Large spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. Large spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal.
Cleanup Procedures	Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Large spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. Large spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for Safe Storage	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Components with Workplace Control Parameters	White mineral oil (petroleum) ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Appropriate Engineering Controls	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
PPE - Eye/Face Protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
PPE - Skin Protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
PPE - Body Protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
PPE - Respiratory Protection	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance	Physical state: Liquid [Viscous liquid] Color: Colorless
Upper/Lower Flammability or Explosive Limits	No data available
Odor	Mild. Hydrocarbon.
Vapor Pressure	0.011 kPa (0.08 mm Hg) [room temperature]
Odor Threshold	No data available
Vapor Density	No data available
pH	N/A
Relative Density	0.85
Melting Point/Freezing Point	-60 to -9°C (-76 to 15.8°F)
Solubility	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Initial Boiling Point and Boiling Range	299.44 to 520°C (571 to 968°F)
Flash Point	Closed cup: >112°C (>233.6°F) Open cup: 188.33°C (371°F) [Cleveland.]
Evaporation Rate	No data available
Flammability (Solid, Gas)	No data available
Partition Coefficient	>6
Auto-Ignition Temperature	325 to 355°C (617 to 671°F)
Decomposition Temperature	No data available
Viscosity	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 0.12 cm ² /s (12 cSt)

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical Stability	The product is stable.
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to Avoid	No specific data.
Incompatible Materials	No specific data.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity - LD50 Oral	LD50 Oral Rat >5000 mg/kg
Acute Toxicity - Inhalation	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists Rat >5 mg/l 4 hours
Acute Toxicity - Dermal	LD50 Dermal Rabbit >2000 mg/kg
Acute Toxicity - Eye	No data available
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Not available
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	No available
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	Not available
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	Not available
Carcinogenicity IARC	Not available. Conclusion/Summary: The classification as a carcinogen need not apply as it can be shown that the substance contains less than 3 % DMSO extract as measured by IP 346.
Carcinogenicity ACGIH	Not available. Conclusion/Summary: The classification as a carcinogen need not apply as it can be shown that the substance contains less than 3 % DMSO extract as measured by IP 346.
Carcinogenicity NTP	Not available. Conclusion/Summary: The classification as a carcinogen need not apply as it can be shown that the substance contains less than 3 % DMSO extract as measured by IP 346.
Carcinogenicity OSHA	Not available. Conclusion/Summary: The classification as a carcinogen need not apply as it can be shown that the substance contains less than 3 % DMSO extract as measured by IP 346.
Reproductive Toxicity	Not available.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure	Not available
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure	Not available
Aspiration Hazard	Aspiration Hazard- Category 1

Section 12: Ecological Information

Toxicity	White mineral oil (petroleum) Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Daphnia 48 hours Acute LC50 >10000 mg/l Fish 96 hours
Persistence and Degradability	Biodegradability: Inherent
Bio-accumulative Potential	LogPow >6, BCF-, Potential- high.
Mobility in Soil	No data available
Other Adverse Effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Waste Treatment Methods Product	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
Waste Treatment Methods Packaging	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
Special Precautions Landfill or Incinerations	No data available
Other Information	No data available

Section 14: Transport Information

UN Number	Not dangerous goods.
UN Proper Shipping Name	N/A
Transport Hazard Class(es)	N/A
Packaging Group	N/A
Environmental Hazards	N/A

Section 15: Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal regulations: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: This material is listed or exempted. Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs): Not listed Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances: Not listed Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances: Not listed DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals): Not listed DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals): Not listed New York: This material is not listed. New Jersey: This material is listed. Pennsylvania: This material is not listed. State regulations TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: This material is listed or exempted. This material is listed or exempted. SARA 302/304 SARA 304 RQ: Not applicable. No products were found. Composition/information on ingredients SARA 311/312 Classification: Not applicable Name % Fire hazard Sudden release of pressure Reactive Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard: White mineral oil (petroleum) 100 No. No. No. Yes. No. State regulations: Massachusetts, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania: Not listed. California Prop. 65: This product is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins. International lists National inventory Australia: This material is listed or exempted. Canada: This material is listed or exempted. China: This material is listed or exempted. Europe: This material is listed or exempted. Japan: This material is listed or exempted. Malaysia: Not determined New Zealand: This material is listed or exempted. Philippines: This material is listed or exempted. Taiwan: This material is listed or exempted.

Section 16: Other Information

Additional Information	Procedure used to derive the classification - Classification Justification Asp. Tox. 1, H304 On basis of test data
Prepared By	Scarlotte Smith
Original Version Date	04/01/2021 09:56
Revision Date	1-Apr-2026 11:44 AUS

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